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# The GridWay Meta-scheduler

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# What is GridWay?

***The GridWay meta-scheduler is a scheduler virtualization layer on top of basic Globus services (GRAM, MDS & GridFTP)***

## **For the user**

- ◆ A LRM-like environment for submitting, monitoring, and controlling jobs

## **For the developer**

- ◆ An standard-base development framework for Grid Applications

## **For the sysadmin**

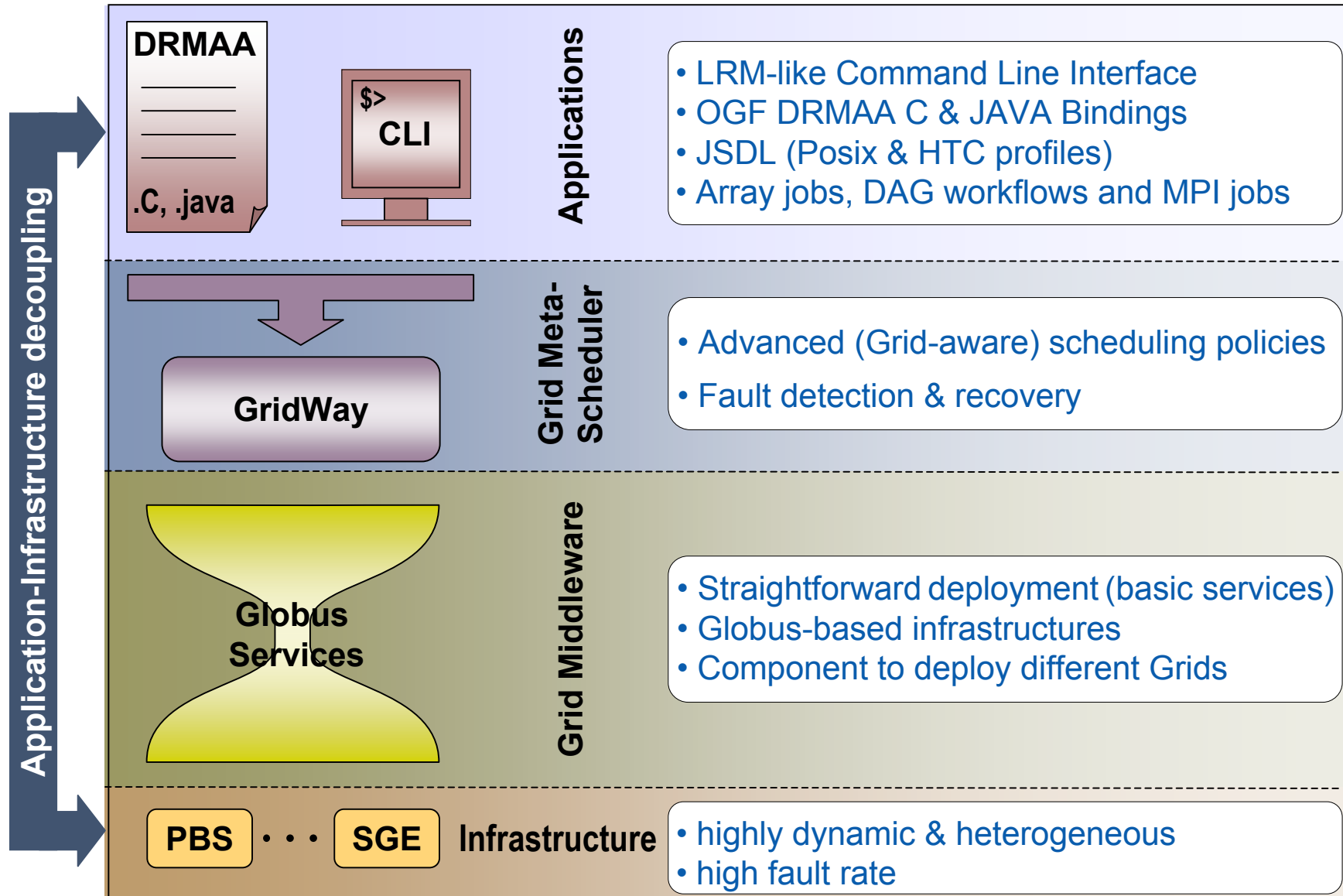
- ◆ A policy-driven job scheduler
- ◆ User-side Grid Accounting

## **For the Grid architect / solution provider**

- ◆ A modular component to use different infrastructures
- ◆ A key component to deploy different Grids (enterprise, partner, utility...)

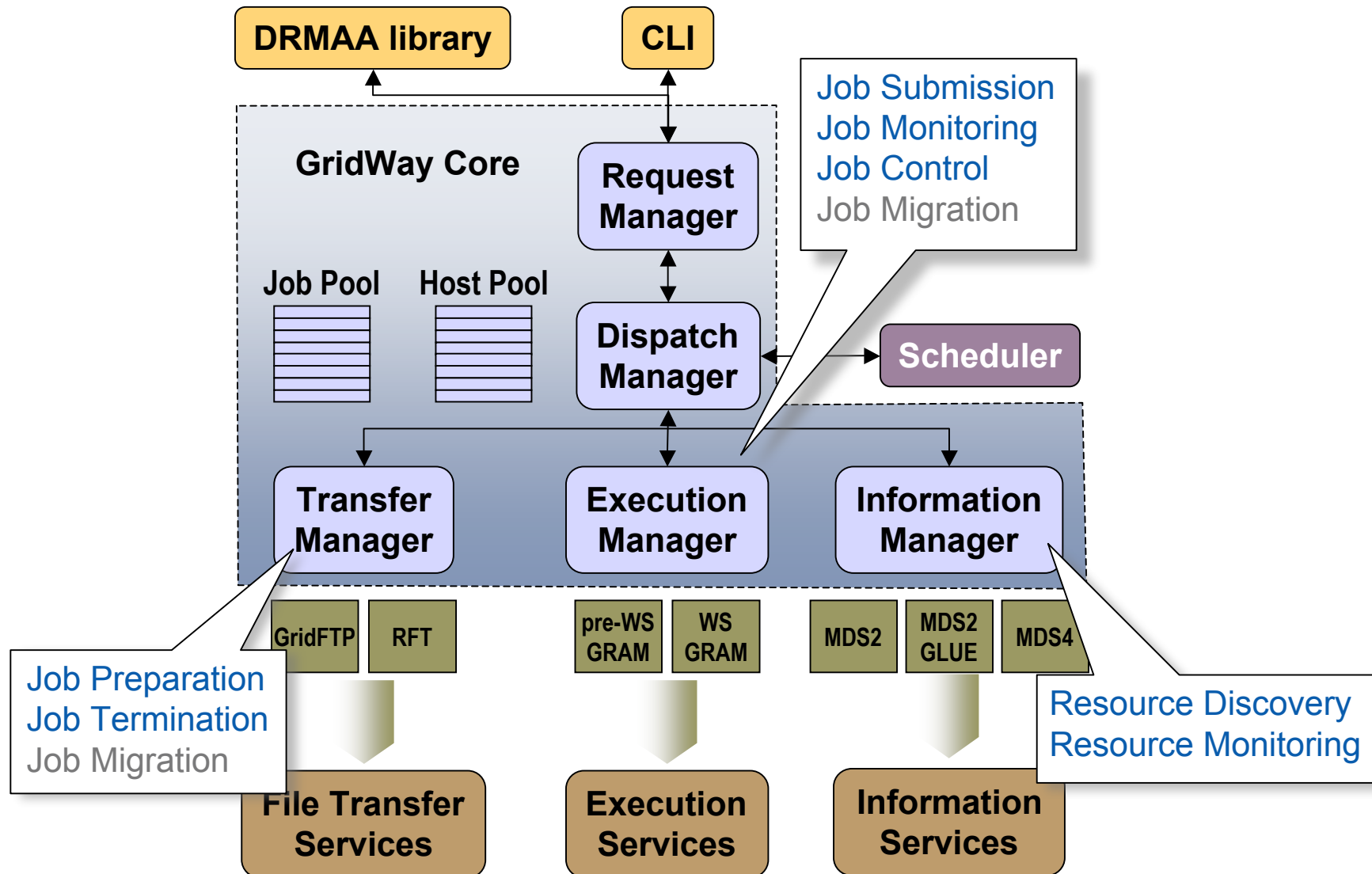


# Architecture





# Components





# Scheduling Policies

## Resource Policies

- Rank Expressions
- Fixed Priority
- User Usage History
- Failure Rate

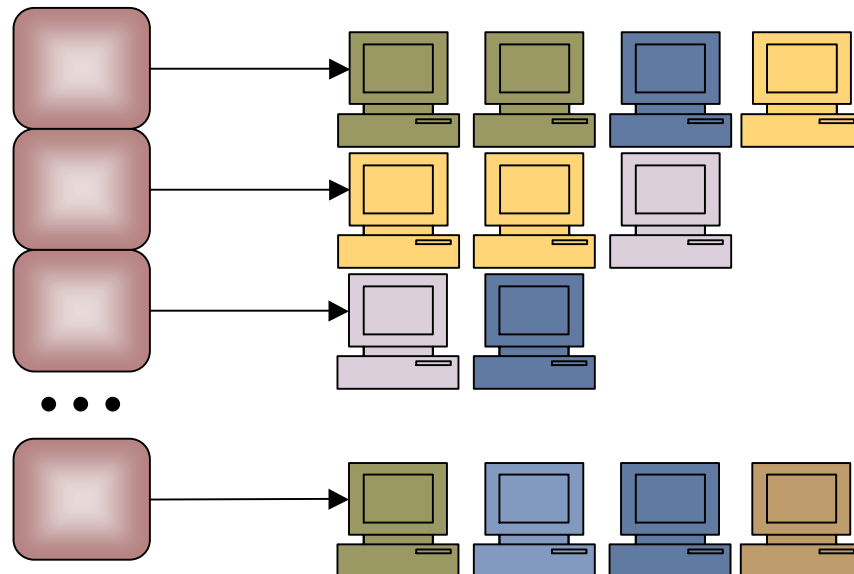
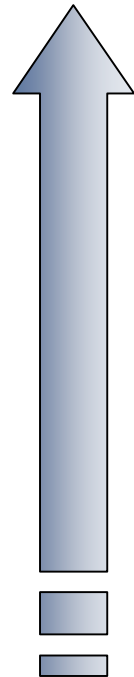
**Grid Scheduling = Job + Resource Policies**

## Job Policies

- Fixed Priority
- Urgent Jobs
- User Share
- Deadline
- Waiting Time

## Pending Jobs

## Matching Resources for each job (user)





# Enterprise Grids

## Characteristics

- ◆ “Small” scale infrastructures (campus/enterprise) with one meta-scheduler instance
- ◆ Resources within the same administration domain that may be running different LRMS and be geographically distributed

## ● Goal & Benefits

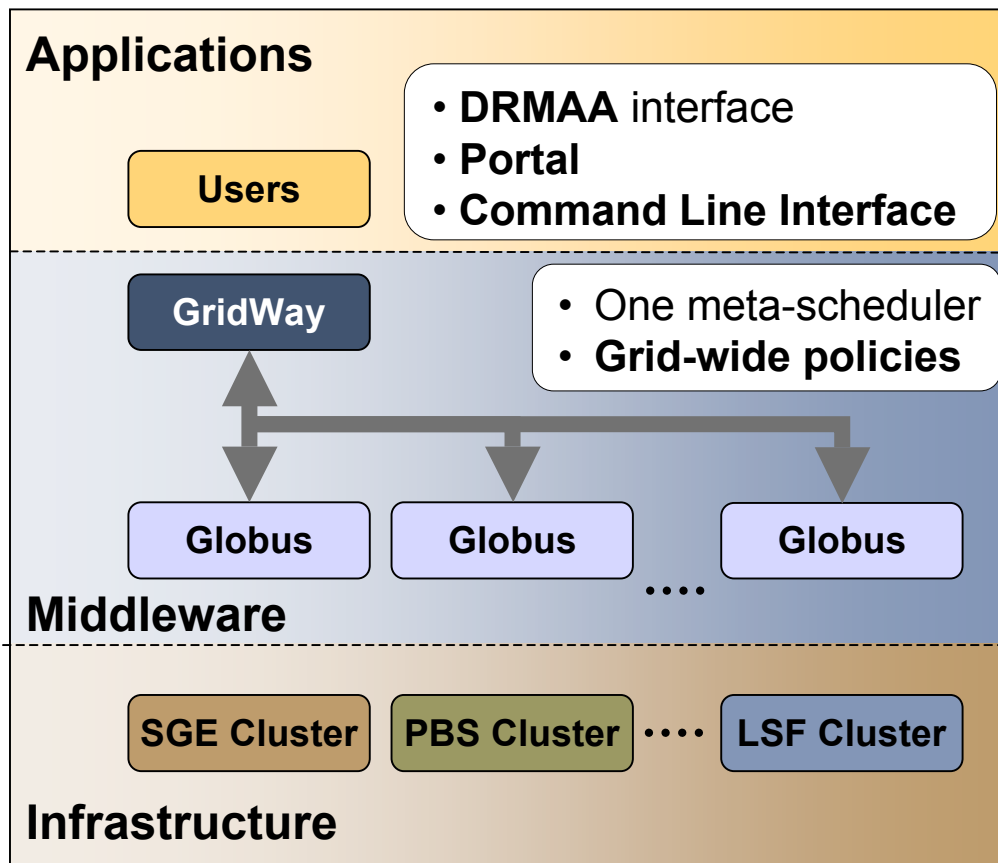
- ◆ Integrate heterogeneous systems
- ◆ Improve return of IT investment
- ◆ Performance/Usage maximization



# Enterprise Grids

## Architecture

## Examples



### European Space Astronomy Center

- Data Analysis from space missions
- DRMAA



### UABGrid, University of Alabama

- Bioinformatics applications







# Partner Grids

## Characteristics

- ◆ “Large” scale infrastructures with one or several meta-schedulers
- ◆ Resources belong to different administrative domains

## Goal & Benefits

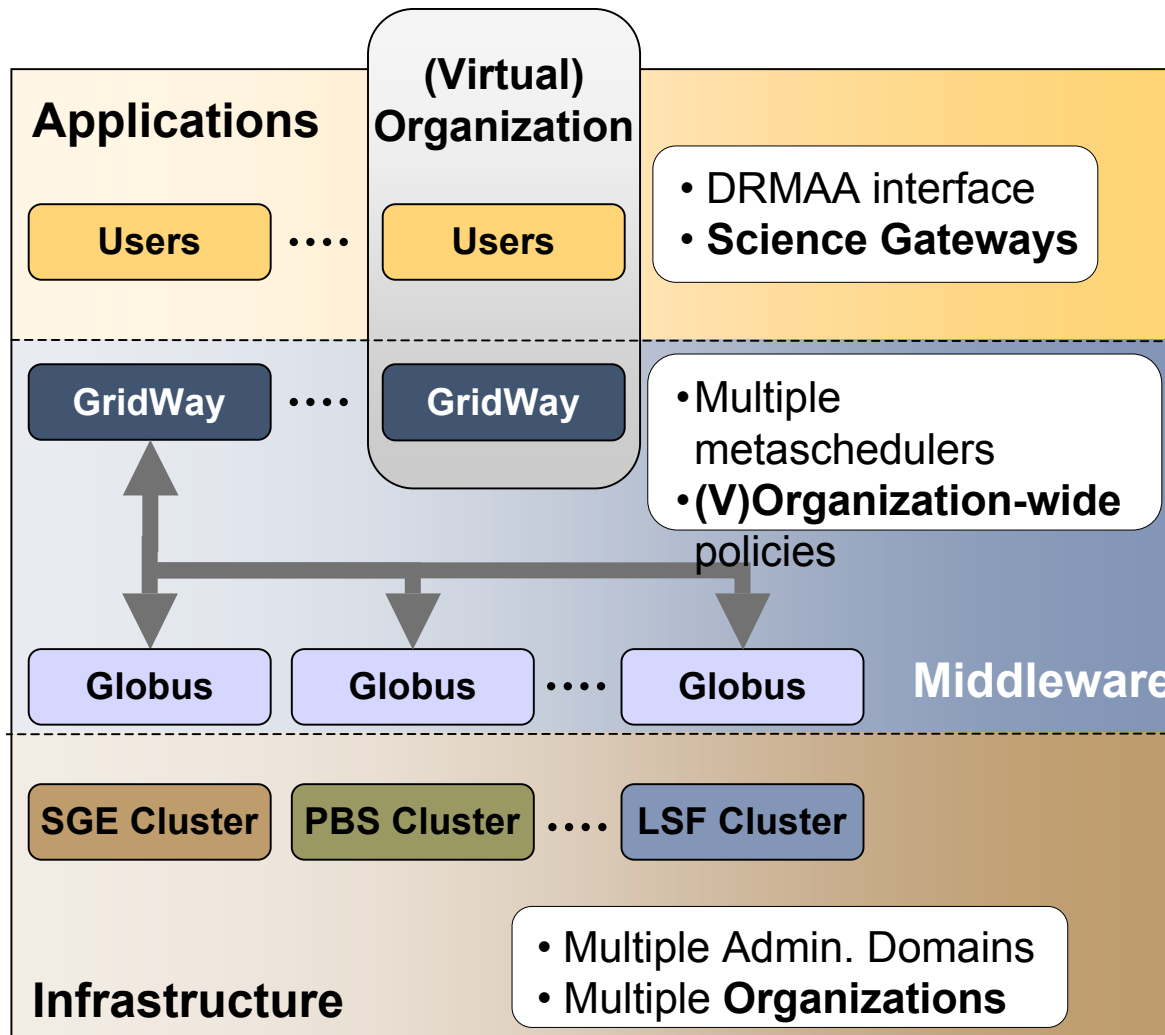
- ◆ Large-scale, secure and reliable sharing of resources
- ◆ Support collaborative projects
- ◆ Access to higher computing power to satisfy peak demands



# Partner Grids

## Architecture

## Examples



### EGEE-II

- gLite-LHC interoperability
  - Virtual Organizations
- Fusion: Massive Ray Tracing  
Biomed: CD-HIT (Workflow)



### AstroGrid-D, German Astronomy Community Grid

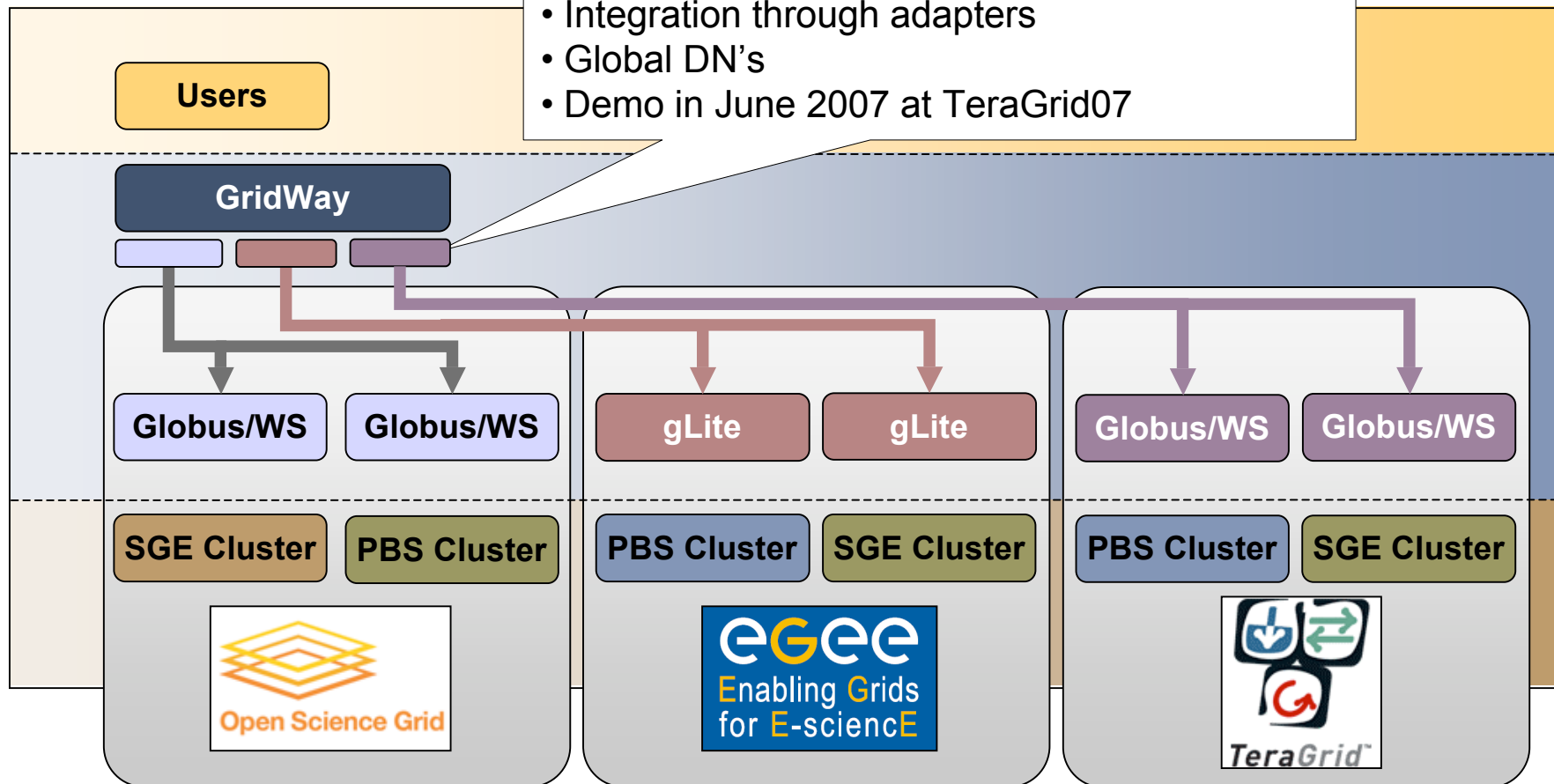
- Supercomputing resources
- Astronomy-specific resources
- GRAM interface





# A Tool for Interoperability

- Different Middlewares (e.g. WS and pre-WS)
- Different Data/Execution architectures
- Different Information models
- Integration through adapters
- Global DN's
- Demo in June 2007 at TeraGrid07





# Release schedule

- 5.2 (minor) released on February 28<sup>th</sup>
  - ◆ Support for OGF standard JSDL and MPI jobs
  - ◆ State-of-the-art scheduling policies
  - ◆ Test suite
  - ◆ Installation based on auto-tools
- 5.2.2 (incremental) released on July 7<sup>th</sup>
  - ◆ Included in GT 4.0.5
  - ◆ Better integration with GridGateWay
  - ◆ Bug fixes
- 5.2.3 (incremental) released on October 8<sup>th</sup>
  - ◆ New Information MAD
  - ◆ Bug fixes
- 5.3 (minor) to be released on October 22<sup>nd</sup>
  - ◆ OGF standard DRMAA 1.0, with bindings for Perl, Ruby and Python
  - ◆ DAGMan